

AC History

EP Curriculum Map

Year 7

Knowledge and Understanding

Content Descriptor	Lesson Names
The theory that people moved out of Africa between 120 000 and 60 000 years ago and migrated to other parts of the world, including Australia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pathway to the Ancient World
the evidence for the emergence and establishment of ancient societies (including art, iconography, writing tools and pottery)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evidence for the Ancient World
key features of ancient societies (farming, trade, social classes, religion, rule of law)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writing, Art and Religion in Ancient Societies Ancient Societies
How historians and archaeologists investigate history, including excavation and archival research	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Archaeology and Historical Investigations
The range of sources that can be used in an historical investigation, including archaeological and written sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Historical Sources and Investigating Ancient Australia
Methods and sources used to investigate at least ONE historical controversy or mystery that has challenged historians or archaeologists, such as in the analysis of unidentified human remains	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tools to Solve Historical Mysteries
The nature of sources for ancient Australia and what they reveal about Australia's past in the ancient period, such as the use of resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lake Mungo and Early Human Occupation of Australia
The importance of conserving the remains of the ancient past, including the heritage of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conserving Heritage Sites
describing the importance of the River Nile to Egyptian society (for example, inundation and farming, the worship of the god of the Nile, and the use of the Nile as a means of transportation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Physical World of Ancient Egypt
Roles of key groups in ancient Egyptian society (such as the nobility, bureaucracy, women, slaves), including the influence of law and religion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ancient Egyptian Society
Significant beliefs, values and practices of the ancient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Life and Death in Ancient Egyptian Religion

Egyptians, with a particular emphasis on ONE of the following areas: everyday life, warfare, or death and funerary customs	
Contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, resulting in developments such as the conquest of other lands, the expansion of trade, and peace treaties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Egypt, Conflict and Warfare • Ancient Egypt and Empire
The role of a significant individual in ancient Egyptian history such as Hatshepsut or Ramses II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant Figures in Ancient Egypt
Physical features of ancient Greece (such as its mountainous landscape) and how they influenced the civilisation that developed there	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical Features of Ancient Greece
Roles of key groups in Athenian and/or Spartan society (such as citizens, women, slaves), including the influence of law and religion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Greek Society
Significant beliefs, values and practices of the ancient Greeks, with a particular emphasis on ONE of the following areas: everyday life, warfare, or death and funerary customs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Religion and Identity in Ancient Greece
Contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, resulting in developments such as the expansion of trade, colonisation and war (such as the Peloponnesian and Persian wars)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact with Other Ancient Societies • Conflict in Ancient Greece
The role of a significant individual in ancient Greek history such as Leonidas or Pericles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant Individual: Alexander the Great
Physical features of ancient Rome (such as the River Tiber) and how they influenced the civilisation that developed there	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Physical Geography of Rome
Roles of key groups in ancient Roman society (such as patricians, plebeians, women, slaves), including the influence of law and religion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Roman Society
Significant beliefs, values and practices of the ancient Romans, with a particular emphasis on ONE of the following areas: everyday life, warfare, or death and funerary customs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life and Death in the Roman Empire
Contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, resulting in developments such as the expansion of trade, the rise of the Roman empire (including its material remains), and the spread of religious beliefs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contacts of the Roman Empire • Contacts and Conflicts of the Roman Republic
The role of a significant individual in ancient Rome's history such as Julius Caesar or Augustus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant Figures of Ancient Rome
Physical features of India (such as fertile river plains)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient India: Rivers and Religion

and how they influenced the civilisation that developed there	
Roles of key groups in Indian society in this period (such as kings, emperors, priests, merchants, peasants), including the influence of law and religion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Indian Society
Significant beliefs, values and practices of Indian society, with a particular emphasis on ONE of the following areas: everyday life, warfare, or death and funerary customs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beliefs, Values and Practices of Ancient India
Contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, resulting in developments such as the expansion of trade, the rise of the Mauryan Empire (including its material remains), and the spread of philosophies and beliefs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conquest and Warfare in Ancient India • Expansion of Trade and Spread of Religions from Ancient India
The role of a significant individual in Indian history such as Chandragupta Maurya or Ashoka	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ashoka: A Significant Figure in Indian History
Physical features of China (such as the Yellow River) and how they influenced the civilisation that developed there	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient China: A Land of Rivers and Dynasties
Roles of key groups in Chinese society in this period (such as kings, emperors, scholars, craftsmen, women), including the influence of law and religion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Chinese Society
Significant beliefs, values and practices of Chinese society, with a particular emphasis on ONE of the following areas: everyday life, warfare, or death and funerary customs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Afterlife and Funerary Practices in Ancient China
Contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, resulting in developments such as the expansion of trade, the rise of Imperial China (including its material remains), and the spread of philosophies and beliefs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conflicts and Warfare in Ancient China • Contacts in Ancient China: A Story of Roads and Walls
The role of a significant individual in ancient Chinese history such as Confucius or Qin Shi Huang	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confucius: A Significant Figure in Ancient Chinese History